# Solving Literal Equations 

## Objectives:

...to solve literal equations for a given variable
Assessment Anchor:


Not Applicable

## NOTES

## To solve a literal equation:

1. Locate the variable that you want to solve for
2. Follow the rules for solving equations to get that variable all by itself

## EXAMPLES

1) Solve for $x$ :
......instructions for what to solve for

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+b=a \\
& x+b=a \\
& -b-b \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

......original equation
......locate what you are solving for ......subtract "b" on both sides

$$
x=a-b
$$

......simplify the equation
2) Solve for d:
......instructions for what to solve for

$$
\begin{aligned}
& c d=10 \\
& \frac{c d}{c}=\frac{10}{c} \\
& d=\underline{10}
\end{aligned}
$$

......original equation
......locate what you are solving for
......divide both sides by "c"
......simplify the equation

## Solving Literal Equations

3) Solve for a:

$$
4 a-b=c
$$

4(a) $-b=c$
$+b+b$ $\frac{4 a}{4}=\frac{c+b}{4}$

4) Solve for k :

$$
k+20=t
$$

6) Solve for m :

$$
2 \mathrm{~m}-\mathrm{p}=11 \mathrm{f}
$$

......instructions for what to solve for
......original equation
......locate what you are solving for .......add "b" to both sides
......simplify the equation
......divide both sides by 4
......simplify the equation
5) Solve for v:

$$
\frac{\mathrm{v}}{5}=\mathrm{w}
$$

7) Solve for $y$ :

$$
x y z+a=10
$$



